

California Common Core Standards English Language Arts



#### **READING** STANDARDS: LITERATURE

P			r			
	Number	Standard				
Key	Ideas and D	etails				
	6RL 1.	Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.				
	6RL 2.	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.				
	6RL 3.	Describe how a particular story's or drama's plot unfolds in a series of episodes as well as how the characters respond or change as the plot moves toward a resolution.				
Cra	ft and Struct	ure				
	6RL 4.	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone. (See grade 6 Language standards 4–6 for additional expectations.)				
	6RL 5.	Analyze how a particular sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the theme, setting, or plot.				
	6RL 6.	Explain how an author develops the point of view of the narrator or speaker in a text.				
Inte	egration of K	nowledge and I deas				
	6RL 7.	Compare and contrast the experience of reading a story, drama, or poem to listening to or viewing an audio, video, or live version of the text, including contrasting what they "see" and "hear" when reading the text to what they perceive when they listen or watch.				
	6RL 8.	(Not applicable to literature)				
	6RL 9.	Compare and contrast texts in different forms or genres (e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories) in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.				
Rar	nge of Readin	g and Level of Text Complexity				
	6RL 10.	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 6–8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.				

#### Informational Text

#### **READING** STANDARDS: INFORMATIONAL TEXT Number Standard Key Ideas and Details Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences 6RI 1. drawn from the text. Determine a central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide 6RI 2. a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments. Analyze in detail how a key individual, event, or idea is introduced, illustrated, and П 6RI 3. elaborated in a text (e.g., through examples or anecdotes) **Craft and Structure** Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, П 6RI 4. connotative, and technical meanings. (See grade 6 Language standards 4-6 for additional expectations.) Analyze how a particular sentence, paragraph, chapter, or section fits into the overall 6RI 5. structure of a text and contributes to the development of the ideas. 6RI 5.a Analyze the use of text features (e.g., graphics, headers, captions) in popular media Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and explain how it is conveyed in 6RI 6. the text. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas Integrate information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) 6RI 7. as well as in words to develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are 6RI 8. supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not. Compare and contrast one author's presentation of events with that of another (e.g., a 6RI 9. memoir written by and a biography on the same person). Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 6-8 text 6RL 10. complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.

<u>Underlined</u> text represents changes to the Common Core Standards specific to California.

These standards are excerpted and then reformatted for our use from <u>The Common Core State Standards for English Language Arts & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and</u> <u>Technical Subjects for California Public Schools Kindergarten Through Grade Twelve</u> www.cde.ca.gov ©2013 Formatting, art, and style by Charlotte Knox, knoxeducation.com Page 1

#### California Common Core Standards English Language Arts

#### **History/Social Studies**

4		<b>READING</b> standards: history/social studies				
	Number	Standard				
Key	Ideas and D	etails		•		
	6RH1.	Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources.				
	6RH 2.	Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.				
	6RH 3.	Identify key steps in a text's description of a process related to history/social studies (e.g., how a bill becomes law, how interest rates are raised or lowered).				
Cra	ft and Struct	ure				
	6RH 4.	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies.				
	6RH 5.	Describe how a text presents information (e.g., sequentially, comparatively, causally).				
	6RH 6.	Identify aspects of a text that reveal an author's point of view or purpose (e.g., loaded language, inclusion or avoidance of particular facts).				
Inte	egration of K	nowledge and I deas				
	6RH 7.	Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts.				
	6RH 8.	Distinguish among fact, opinion, and reasoned judgment in a text.				
	6RH 9.	Analyze the relationship between a primary and secondary source on the same topic.				
Ran	ige of Readin	g and Level of Text Complexity				
	6RH 10.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.				

#### Science & Technical



#### **READING** STANDARDS: SCIENCE AND TECHNICAL SUBJECTS

	Number	Standard					
Key	/ Ideas and D	etails					
	6RST1.	Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts.					
	6RST 2.	Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.					
	6RST 3.	Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.					
Cra	ft and Struct	ure					
	6RST 4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to <i>grades 6–8 texts and</i> <i>topics</i> .					
	6RST 5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.					
	6RST 6.	Analyze the author's purpose in providing an explanation, describing a procedure, or discussing an experiment in a text.					
Inte	egration of K	nowledge and I deas					
	6RST 7.	Integrate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text with a version of that information expressed visually (e.g., in a flowchart, diagram, model, graph, or table).					
	6RST 8.	Distinguish among facts, reasoned judgment based on research findings, and speculation in a text.					
	6RST 9.	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.					
Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity							
	6RST 10.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.					

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#### California Common Core Standards English Language Arts



# **Opinion/Argument**

#### WRITING STANDARDS: OPINION/ARGUMENT WRITING

	Number	Standard								
Тех	t Types and I	Purposes								
	6W 1	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.								
	6W 1a.	Introduce claim(s) and organize the reasons and evidence clearly.								
	6W 1b.	Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.								
	6W 1c.	Use words, phrases, and clauses to clarify the relationships among claim(s) and reasons.								
	6W 1d.	Establish and maintain a formal style.								
	6W 1e.	Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the argument presented.								

#### Informative/Explanatory



#### WRITING STANDARDS: INFORMATIVE/EXPLANATORY WRITING

Тех	t Types and I	Purposes						
	6W 2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and inform of relevant content.	nation thr	ough the s	selection,	organiza	tion, and	analysis
	6W 2a.	Introduce a topic or <u>thesis statement</u> ; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.						
	6W 2b.	Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.						
	6W 2c.	Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.						
	6W 2d.	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.						
	6W 2 e.	Establish and maintain a formal style.						
	6W 2 f.	Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or explanation presented.						

#### Narrative



#### WRITING STANDARDS: NARRATIVE WRITING

Тех	Text Types and Purposes									
	6W 3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, resequences.	rite narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event quences.							
	6W 3a.	Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.								
	6W 3b.	Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.								
	6W 3c.	Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.								
	6W 3d.	Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to convey experiences and events.								
	6W 3e.	Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.								

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### **GRADE 6 STUDENT CHECKLIST** California Common Core Standards English Language Arts





		WRITING STANDARDS: ALL GENRES				
	Number	Standard				
Pro	duction and	Distribution of Writing	<u> </u>			
	6W 4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)				
	6W 5.	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grade 6.)				
	6W 6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of three pages in a single sitting.				
Res	earch to Buil	d and Present Knowledge			_	
	6W 7.	Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when appropriate.				
	6W 8.	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; assess the credibility of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and providing basic bibliographic information for sources				
	6W 9.	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.				
	6W 9. a.	Apply grade 6 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast texts in different forms or genres [e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories] in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics").				
	6W 9. b.	Apply grade 6 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not").				
Rar	ge of Writing	9				
	6W 10.	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.				

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### **GRADE 6 STUDENT CHECKLIST** California Common Core Standards English Language Arts





WRITING STANDARDS: Opinion/Argument Writing for History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects

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	Number	Standard							
Тех	t Types and Pu	rposes							
	6WHST 1	Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content.							
	6WHST 1a.	Introduce claim(s) about a topic or issue, acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.							
	6WHST 1b.	Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant, accurate data and evidence that demonstrate an understanding of the topic or text, using credible sources.							
	6WHST 1c.	Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.							
	6WHST 1d.	Establish and maintain a formal style.							
	6WHST 1e.	Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.							



WRITING STANDARDS: Informative/Explanatory Writing for History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects

Тех	t Types and Pur	poses						
	6WHST 2	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific pro-	ocedures	/ experim	ents, or t	echnical p	rocesses	
	6WHST 2a.	Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories as appropriate to achieving purpose; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.						
	6WHST 2b.	Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.						
	6WHST 2c.	Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.						
	6WHST 2d.	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.						
	6WHST 2 e.	Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone.						
	6WHST 2 f.	Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.						



WRITING STANDARDS: Narrative Writing for History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects

**Text Types and Purposes** 6WHST 3 Х (Not applicable as a separate requirement)

Note: Students' narrative skills continue to grow in these grades. The Standards require that students be able to incorporate narrative elements effectively into arguments and informative/explanatory texts. In history/social studies, students must be able to incorporate narrative accounts into their analyses of individuals or events of historical import. In science and technical subjects, students must be able to write precise enough descriptions of the step-by-step procedures they use in their investigations or technical work that others can replicate them and (possibly) reach the same results.

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#### California Common Core Standards English Language Arts



Opinion/Argument Informative/Explanatory Narrative History/Social Studies Science & Technical Ð ? ...

WRITING STANDARDS: All Genres for History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects

	Number	Standard				
Pro	duction and Dis	tribution of Writing				
	6WHST 4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.				
	6WHST 5.	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.				
	6WHST 6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.				
Res	earch to Build a	and Present Knowledge				
	6WHST 7.	Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.				
	6WHST 8.	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources ( <u>primary and</u> <u>secondary</u> ), using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.				
	6WHST 9.	Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis reflection, and research.				
Rar	ge of Writing			-		
	6WHST 10.	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.				

#### Speaking & Listening

#### SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS

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	Number	Standard						
Con	nprehension and	d Collaboration						
	6SL 1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teach and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.	er-led) w	ith divers	e partner:	s on grad	le 6 topics	, texts,
	6SL 1a.	Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.						
	6SL 1b.	Follow rules for collegial discussions, set specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.						
	6SL 1c.	Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion.						
	6SL 1d.	Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing.						
	6SL 2.	Interpret information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how it contributes to a topic, text, or issue under study.						
	6SL 3.	Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not.						
Pre	sentation of Kn	owledge and Ideas						
	6SL 4	Present claims and findings (e.g., argument, narrative, informative, response to literature pr pertinent descriptions, facts, and details and nonverbal elements to accentuate main ideas o volume, and clear pronunciation.						
	6SL 4.a	Plan and deliver an informative/explanatory presentation that: develops a topic with relevant facts, definitions, and concrete details; uses appropriate transitions to clarify relationships; uses precise language and domain specific vocabulary; and provides a strong conclusion.						
	6SL 5.	Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, images, music, sound) and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.						
	6SL 6.	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 6 Language standards 1 and 3 for specific expectations.)						

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### **GRADE 6 STUDENT CHECKLIST** California Common Core Standards English Language Arts





#### LANGUAGE STANDARDS: CONVENTIONS AND VOCABULARY

	Number	Standard						
-		standard English						
	6L 1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writi	ng or spe	eaking.	1	1		1
	6L 1a.	Ensure that pronouns are in the proper case (subjective, objective, possessive).						
	6L 1b.	Use <u>all pronouns, including</u> intensive pronouns (e.g., myself, ourselves) <u>correctly</u> .						
	6L 1c.	Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in pronoun number and person.						
	6L 1d.	Recognize and correct vague pronouns (i.e., ones with unclear or ambiguous antecedents).						
	6L 1e.	Recognize variations from standard English in their own and others' writing and speaking, and identify and use strategies to improve expression in conventional language.						
	6L 2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and	spelling	when wri	ting.			
	6L 2a.	Use punctuation (commas, parentheses, dashes) to set off nonrestrictive/parenthetical elements.						
	6L 2b.	Spell correctly.						
Kno	wledge of La	nguage					•	
	6L 3	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.						
	6L 3a.	Vary sentence patterns for meaning, reader/ listener interest, and style.						
	6L 3b.	Maintain consistency in style and tone.						
Voc	abulary Acqu	isition and Use				<u> </u>		
	6L 4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based a range of strategies.	on <i>grade</i>	e 6 readin	g and col	<i>ntent</i> , cho	oosing flex	tibly from
	6L 4a.	Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.						
	6L 4b.	Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., <i>audience, auditory, audible</i> ).						
	6L 4c.	Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.						
	6L 4d.	Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).						
	6L 5	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word m	neanings.			•		
	6L 5a.	Interpret figures of speech (e.g., personification) in context.						
	6L 5b.	Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., cause/effect, part/whole, item/category) to better understand each of the words.						
	6L 5c.	Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>stingy, scrimping, economical, unwasteful, thrifty</i> ).						
	6L 6.	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.						

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