# Mini Lessons for Teaching Students Multiple Meaning Words 

## Guess and Adjust

This strategy can help students learn to use context as a tool for defining unfamiliar vocabulary.
$\Rightarrow$ Choose two or three words from the text that have multiple meanings. Select words that can be clearly defined when read in context.
$\Rightarrow$ Students 'Guess' the meaning of each word.
Ask the students to define word with prompts such as:

- Does anyone think they know what this word means?
- Does this word remind you of any word you know?
- What do you think it might mean? Why?
$\Rightarrow$ Review each word and the definitions with which the students come up.
$\Rightarrow$ Read the text. This can be done as a shared, guided, or independent reading.
$\Rightarrow$ 'Adjust' the meaning of each word using information from its context.
- Discuss the adjustments and why they were made.
- Ask: What information caused you to adjust?


## M and Ms: Locating multiple meaning words and illustrating them:

1. Students identify multiple meaning words when they are doing independent reading. Once they find one, they write a sentence using the word with the meaning they noticed in the text on an index card. They could even copy the sentence they located the word in from the text. They underline or highlight the word in the sentence and then illustrate the meaning above.
2. Next, they write another sentence using the word with a different meaning and highlight and illustrate that sentence as well. These are posted on a "grow list" of $M$ and $M$ words which is decorated with M and M candy wrappers. You may choose to give each

student who illustrates an $M$ and $M$ word an $M$ and $M$ candy as a prize as well.

## Multiple Meaning Words in Sentences:

## Stand up if you used the word in the same way!

Read the sentence from "The Story of the Sun and the Moon."

He pulled open the cover.

In which sentence does the word cover have the SAME meaning as it is used in the sentence above?

A The cat took cover up in the tree from the dog.

B The money raised will cover the cost of the class trip.
C Place the cover back on the cookie jar.
D Cover my back with sunscreen, please.

33 Read this sentence from the passage.

A thin pot made out of that clay would crack when it was fired.

In which sentence below is fired used with the same meaning as in the sentence above?

A The teenager got fired from his job for being late.

B The team was fired up after their big win.
C The astronaut fired the engines at liftoff.
D The chef fired the pizza in a hot oven.

On the CST multiple meaning words are tested in grades $2-8$. They are typically tested by showing one sentence from a passage in which a word is used with a specific meaning and then asking the students to either find a sentence in which the word is used with the SAME meaning or a DIFFERENT meaning. In other words, the students have to use the context of the sentence to determine the meaning of the word for that sentence.

One way to build this skill is to have students create sentences on white boards and compare them with each other. Here's a sample lesson:

## Step 1:

Display the multiple meaning word "date" on the white board.
Ask students to write a sentence using the word "date."
If these are older students, most will choose the titillating meaning and write a sentence like this:

## I have a date with my

 girlfriend on Friday night.

## Step 2:

Ask one student to stand up and read their sentence. Say "if you have used the word "date" with the meaning in $\qquad$ 's sentence, stand up.

## Step 3:

Ask those students to sit down and then ask if anyone used the word "date" with a different meaning:


Ask students to stand if they used the word date to stand for a specific day.

Ask if there are other meanings for the word date.


## Step 4:

Continue this with several multiple meaning words over the course of a week or so of mini lessons. You can also have students look up the various meanings of these words in the dictionary and then have them make a class book of sentences to go with multiple meaning words of their choice.

## Common Words with Multiple Meanings

| arms | fold | press |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ball | game | rare |
| bank | grave | rest |
| bark | hide | second |
| bat | hold | sole |
| bit | kind | spell |
| blow | like | stable |
| bridge | line | stick |
| case | long | templery |
| compound | mean | tick |
| count | mine | tire |
| cue | miss | vault |
| date | net | wake |
| fair | pen | well |
| fan | present | will |
| file | yard |  |
| firm | last\| |  |

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| Word | Multiple Meanings |
| :--- | :--- |
| arms | He placed the child in her mother's arms. <br> The rebels needed to buy arms to fight the war. |
| ball | The ball rolled under the table. <br> The women wore their prettiest dresses to the ball. |
| bank | You can cash your check at the bank. <br> We had a picnic on the bank of the river. |
| bark | Did you hear the dog bark? <br> The bark on the old tree is dry and brittle. |
| bat | The bat flew from the barn and frightened me. <br> The children played baseball with a bat and ball. |
| bit | Jenn had a bit of jam on her shirt. <br> I bit into an apple. |
| blow | The wind began to blow, and the leaves fell. <br> The blow to his head knocked out the prize fighter. |
| bridge | We crossed the bridge that went over the river. <br> Bridge is a card game for four people to play. <br> We want to bridge the gap in scores. |
| fair | She put her eyeglasses in their case. <br> The lawyer won her first case. <br> In this case, Carrie was right. |
| case | The judge's decision was fair. <br> We went on rides at the fair. |
| count | The soldiers surrounded the enemy compound. <br> A compound sentence is made of two clauses. |
| date | The duke, the count, and the earl received awards. <br> Today's date is J uly 4, 2010. <br> The date was sweet. <br> The child is learning to count from one to ten. |
| The actor missed his cue and did not say his line. |  |
| Te held the billiard cue steady and aimed at the eight ball. |  |,


| Word | Multiple Meanings |
| :--- | :--- |
| fan | David is a baseball fan; he never misses a game. <br> It's very warm; please turn on the fan. |
| file | Put your papers in the file. <br> File these papers in alphabetical order. <br> The children walked in single file. <br> Carrie had to file her torn fingernail with a nail file. |
| firm | When he finished college he joined a law firm. <br> Apples should be firm, not soft, to taste good. |
| fold | Fold your paper in half. <br> The girl took care of the sheep in the fold. |
| game | It sounded exciting, so I was game to try it. <br> Poker is his favorite card game. <br> In the forest there is wild game. |
| hide | The belts were made from the hide of a cow. <br> I usually hide the gifts for the children's birthdays. |
| grave | The funeral was a grave occasion. <br> The coffin was lowered into the grave. |
| hold | The sailors put their supplies into the ship's hold. <br> Hold the string on the balloon or it will float away. <br> Our vacation is on hold until my bonus comes through. |
| like | Write your name on the line. <br> He drew the line at jumping in the water. |
| line | I tried to jam one more coat into the closet. <br> We put strawberry jam on our toast. <br> We were stuck in a traffic jam for an hour. <br> Jerry was in a jam when he lost his sister's ring. |
| kind | What kind of ice cream do you like? <br> She was always kind and gentle. |
| last | I hope this ice cream will last until we get home. <br> The last time I saw her she was very thin. <br> Craig came in last at the track meet. |


| Word | Multiple Meanings |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Don't give me a line, just tell me the truth. |
| long | I long to go to a quiet beach. How long is the story? |
| mean | What did you mean when you said that? <br> He was mean to his pet. <br> We calculated the mean score for the two teams. |
| mine | The silver ore is brought out of the mine in carts. <br> Put your chair next to mine. <br> I am going to mine for gold. |
| miss | Miss Polk is the new chemistry teacher. <br> I will miss you when you move to the city. <br> The fly ball was a near miss. |
| net | The fish were caught in a net. <br> After taxes, our net pay was $\$ 300$. <br> I am going to search the Net for the answer. |
| pen | Pigs live in a pen. <br> Sign your name with a pen. |
| present | He was not present at the awards ceremony. <br> Jill received a present from Kaneesha on her birthday. <br> The present time is colder than the past. |
| press | The members of the press asked the president questions. He asked his mom to press his shirt. Press the delete key to remove the word. |
| rare | I like my steak rare, not well done. Only three people own this rare coin. |
| rest | Anna will do the rest of the shopping. <br> After the long walk up the hill, I wanted to rest. |
| second | There are 60 seconds in a minute. <br> I was second in line today, tomorrow I'll be first. |
| sole | I ordered filet of sole for lunch. He was the sole survivor of the crash. There was a hole in the sole of his shoe. |
| spell | The child learned to spe// his name. <br> The witch put a magic spell on the tree. |


| Word | Multiple Meanings |
| :---: | :---: |
| stable | The boy put the horse in the stable. He may leave the hospital when his breathing is stable. |
| stick | The stamp would not stick to the envelope. He got a stick to stir the fire. |
| story | This is a five story building. She told a bedtime story. |
| temple | He took an aspirin for the pain in his temple. The men walked to the temple to pray. |
| tick | Ticks are insects that bite you. <br> Can you hear the tick of the clock? |
| tire | I never tire of listening to my favorite music. <br> I had a flat tire on my new car. |
| vault | The athlete had to vault over the six-foot barrier. All the money was stored in the vault at the bank. |
| wake | Be quiet or you'll wake the baby. <br> The waves in the wake of the speedboat were very high. |
| well | I feel wel/ today. <br> He liked the movie wel/ enough. <br> He put a bucket in the wel/ to get water. |
| will | The old man wrote a will before he died. I will see my friend tomorrow, not today. He had the will to win. |
| yard | A yard is equal to thirty-six inches. We had a picnic in the yard. |

