



Informative Writing Performance Task

Teacher Version						
Grade	1	Title/Subject	Bees			

The following sections are included in this Teacher Version:

- Overview
- Process: Day 1 and 2
- Teacher Directions for Scoring Rubric
- Student Directions and Articles

Overview

On Day 1 students will engage in a video viewing, shared reading and note-taking activity to learn about bees. After the group activity, they will be directed to plan, and begin to draft an informative writing piece about bees utilizing the information they read in the texts as well as notes they took during the shared lesson. On Day 2 students will finish their drafts, revise and edit their writing, and if they choose, produce a final copy.

Process

DAY 1: Video Viewing, Shared Reading and Note-taking: Up to 60 minutes

Step 1: Connect to Background Knowledge ~ 15 minutes

Provide an introduction to the classroom activity by indicating that after this activity, students will be writing an essay focused on the topic of bees. Ask students to share orally what they might know about bees. Possible questions could include:

"Have you ever seen a bee? What do bees look like? What do bees sound like? Where do bees live? How do bees protect themselves? What else do you know about bees?"

For active engagement encourage pair or group sharing, before sharing out with whole group.

Have the class watch one or more of the following video clips on BEES.



http://www.sciencekids.co.nz/videos/animals/bees.html http://www.amazingbees.com.au/bees-for-kids.html http://www.amazingbees.com.au/bees-for-kids.html https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bArNmKbYVm8

Step 2: Accessing the Information

- **1.** Explain: *"Now we will read two sources about bees."* Read both sources, pointing out important facts and features (pictures, captions, etc.) Use ONLY the sources provided in this prompt packet.
- 2. Lead a whole class discussion about the sources, during which students generate a key word list, list the "gist" next to each paragraph, highlight important words/phrases, or participate in pictorial narrative input (large teacher-created drawing with labels).
- **3.** Think-Pair-Share: *"Tell your partner what you learned about bees."* Make sure both partners have time to share with each other.





Informative Writing Performance Task

Step 3: Clarify Expectations for the Writing Task:

Explain: *"Now you will have a chance to look at the sources, plan, and write a draft to explain to me what you learned about bees. Tomorrow you will have a chance to write more, and edit your work from today to finish your piece."*

Review the student directions and checklist for the writing assignment and give each student a sheet of blank paper for planning and lined paper for writing.

Step 4: Writing

Tell students to begin planning their writing on the blank sheet of paper. You can remind them of planning strategies you have taught in your classroom such as outlining, lists, webs, or drawing. Don't provide a plan yourself, just remind them of the strategies for planning.

After 10 minutes suggest to students that they begin writing their drafts.

Collect all materials from Day 1 after the 60 minutes total is complete.

DAY 2: Revising and Editing Up to 45 minutes

- 1. Allow students to access the sources, their notes, the classroom activity charts/key word lists, and their draft.
- 2. Students read the prompt and their draft from Day 1 to add more information or make revisions.
- **3.** Students edit their writing on their own, you may prompt them to do this by reviewing the student directions.
- **4.** At teacher discretion, students may use word processing for draft or revision as long as spelling and grammar correction tools have been disabled.
- 5. Inform students when 5 minutes remain.
- 6. Collect all student writing materials.

Teacher Directions for Scoring Rubric:

Student responses to Part 2 will be scored using the Common Core based Informative/Explanatory Writing Rubric. A score will be given in each of the two rubric categories. For grades 3-6, student **revisions** will be scored.

Each student's final scores should indicate a 1, 2, 3, or 4 in each of the categories (no partial scores such as 2.5, 3+, etc.). A score of 3 or 4 in each category is considered a passing score and a total of 6-8 points is considered a passing overall score.

Informative/Explanatory

Common Core Standards



Informative Writing Performance Task

Grade	1	1 Informative/Explanatory Writing Rubric						
Level	INFORMATIVE/EXPLANATORY WRITING		LANGUAGE CONVENTIONS	WITH GUIDANCE and SUPPORT FROM ADULTS				
4 Exceeds		Meets all expectations in level 3 Uses many descriptive words Writes many complete sentences Includes many facts and details	Mostly correct use of language conventions, and some above grade level skills used, for example: Image: Meets all expectations in level 3 Image: Consistently spells grade level appropriate words correctly Image: Capitalizes holidays, product names, and geographic names Image: Uses an apostrophe to form contractions and possessives	Guidance & Support				
3 Meets		INFORMATIVE/EXPLANATORY WRITING (W2) Writes an informative piece about a topic Names the topic Provides some facts about the topic Provides some sense of closure WRITING PROCESS (W5-W8) WGASFA * Adds details to strengthen writing as needed (W5) WGASFA * Uses a variety of digital tools to write and publish writing (W6) WGASFA * Recalls information from experiences or gathers information from provided sources to answer a question (W8)	Adequate use of correct sentence formation, punctuation, capitalization, grammar usage and spelling for grade level, for example: Prints all upper- and lowercase letters (L1a) Produces and expands complete simple and compound declarative, interrogative, imperative, and exclamatory sentences in response to prompts (L1j) Capitalizes dates and names of people (L2a) Uses end punctuation for sentences (L2b) Uses commas in dates and to separate single words in a series (L2c) Uses conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns and for frequently occurring irregular words (L2d) Spells untaught words phonetically (L2e) 	Check off what was done before the student wrote the piece being scored. Discussion Read aloud or shared reading Drawing Vocabulary word bank Shared or interactive writing Graphic organizer				
1 2 Does Not Meets Almost Meets		Names topic and supplies at least one fact Does not include closure or closure is unclear WGASFA * Adds few facts or details WGASFA * Recalls little information from sources Makes few or no attempts to write Does not name topic Provides no facts	Limited use of correct sentence formation, punctuation, capitalization, grammar usage and spelling for grade level, for example: Writes most uppercase and lowercase letters correctly Writes mostly simple sentences, and may rely on patterned sentences to write Uses some end punctuation marks correctly Spells some words phonetically Infrequent use of correct sentence formation, punctuation, capitalization, grammar usage and spelling for grade level, for example: Makes no or few attempts at correct spelling Has many errors in capitalization Writes no or few complete sentences Makes no or few attempts at end punctuation	Language frames				

• WGASFA: "with guidance and support from adults"

This rubric was adapted from rubrics at sbusd.org and information from Smarter Balanced Assessments (www.smarterbalanced.org) using the California Common Core Standards at www.cde.ca.gov.

Informative/Explanatory

Common Core Standards







Text retyped from the book, Bumble Bees, by Fran Howard.

Informative/Explanatory		Common Core Standards Informative Writing Performance Task		Common Standard
			Student Reading Text	
Grade	1	Title/Subject	Bees	

Bumble Bees

This article has been abbreviated.

What are Bumble Bees?

Bumble bees are insects with round, hairy bodies. Bumble bees buzz.

How Bumble Bees Look

Most bumble bees are black, yellow, or orange. Bumble bees are about the size of a jelly bean. Bumble bees use their antennas to smell, feel, and hear.

What Bumble Bees Do

Bumble bees live in nests in the ground.A queen bumble bee makes a new nest each year.Bumble bees drink nectar from flowers.They bring nectar back to the nest for young bumble bees to eat.Bumble bees collect pollen from flowers.