



Teacher Version			
Grade	5	Title/Subject	Creative Story—A Day in the Park

Included in this packet:

- 1. Teacher directions
- 2. Student prompt and instructions
- 3. Visuals for students to choose from for creating a narrative

Overview

Students will look at some images to give them ideas for a narrative about a day in the park. On day 1 they have the opportunity to discuss possible storylines with a peer and plan their narrative. On day 2 they write their narratives and reread to revise or edit as they are able.

Process:

Day 1: Planning - Up to 60 minutes

Step 1: Display images and choose

With a document camera display the images. Tell students they will be using this image as a springboard for a narrative they will be creating.

Step 2: Discuss storyline possibilities with peers

Tell students to take turns sharing ideas for a storyline based on the images. Remind them that narratives have characters, settings or situations, a sequence of events, and plot. Have them discuss possible ideas for their stories with each other. Then they can take turns with a partner telling their story based on the picture. The images may remind them of a time they enjoyed in a park, or they may make up a fictional story of their own.

Step 3: Planning

Distribute blank paper to the students. Tell them to plan their narrative using whichever techniques you have taught them that they prefer. This may include drawing pictures for beginning, middle and end; a storymap or graphic organizer; etc. You may remind them of the strategies for planning, but **DO NOT provide a pre-printed graphic organizer.** They need to create their own plans for this on-demand writing task.





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Day 2: Writing a narrative - Up to 60 minutes

Step 1: Review of process

Tell students that they will now write their story. You may review the process for writing a story by going over the student-friendly checklist included with this prompt.

Step 2: Drafting

Tell the students they will now have time to write their stories. Maintain a quiet atmosphere during the writing period so that all students may concentrate on their own work.

Step 3: Revise and edit with prompting

Tell students that they will now have time to revise and edit their story. You may use the student checklist to remind them of the elements needed in a quality narrative. When time is up, collect all papers—student plans and their stories.

Teacher Directions for Scoring Rubric:

Use the narrative writing rubric to score the work. Enter scores in ______.

Common Core Standards



Narrative Writing Performance Task

Gra	de	5	5 Narrative Writing Rubric				
Level	evel NARRATIVE WRITING		NARRATIVE WRITING	LANGUAGE CONVENTIONS	WITH GUIDANCE and SUPPORT FROM ADULTS		
4 Exceeds		Events unfold naturally and logically		Mostly correct use of language conventions, and some above grade level skills used, for example: Meets all expectations in level 3 Varies sentence patterns for meaning, interest, and style Maintains consistency in style and tone Adequate use of correct sentence formation,	Guidance & Support		
3 Meets		Orients th a narrato Organize: Uses narr to develo character Uses a va sequence Uses con convey e: Provides experience WRITIN Uses clea is approp WGASFA revising, WGASFA writing (V Keyboard (W6) Participat through i Summarii	he reader by establishing a situation and introducing r and/or characters (W3a) is event sequence that unfolds naturally (W3a) rative techniques, such as dialogue, and description p experiences and events or show the responses of is to situations (W3b) uriety of transitional words and phrases to manage of events (W3c) crete words and phrases and sensory details to experiences and events precisely (W3d) a conclusion that follows from the narrated tes or events (W3e) IG PROCESS (W4-W8) Ir and coherent writing in multi-paragraph texts that riate to task, purpose, and audience (W4) I* Develops and strengthens writing by planning, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach (W5) I* Uses a variety of digital tools to write and publish	 punctuation, capitalization, grammar usage and spelling for grade level, for example: Uses verb tenses to show time, states, conditions; and uses noun-verb agreement correctly most of the time (L1) Uses punctuation to separate items in a series (L2a) Uses a comma to separate an introductory element from the rest of the sentence (L2b) Uses a comma to set off the words yes and no, to set off a tag question, and to indicate direct address (L2c) Uses underlining, quotation marks, or italics to indicate titles of works (L2d) Spells grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed (L2e) 	adults before writing: Check off what was done before the student wrote the piece being scored. Discussion Read aloud or shared reading Drawing Vocabulary word bank Shared or interactive writing Graphic organizer Language frames		
1 2 Does Not Meet Almost Meets		Unevenly May not v Uses som Little use to convey Planning Little or r Provides Does not	maintains setting, characters, and plot write multi-paragraphs he linking words/phrases of concrete words and phrases and sensory details v experiences and events precisely (W3d) for writing is limited ho plot, or may be just a series or list of events few details or descriptions write multiple paragraphs for writing is absent or disorganized	Limited use of correct sentence formation, punctuation, capitalization, grammar usage and spelling for grade level, for example: Uses verb tenses correctly some of the time. Uses some punctuation correctly Uses some sentence variety correctly Spells many words correctly Infrequent use of correct sentence formation, punctuation, capitalization, grammar usage and spelling for grade level, for example: Writes few complete sentences or only simple sentences Has many errors in punctuation Has many errors in spelling and/or capitalization			

This rubric was adapted from rubrics at sbusd.org and information from Smarter Balanced Assessments (www.smarterbalanced.org) using the California Common Core Standards at www.cde.ca.gov.









		Student Version
Title/Subject	Student Prompt and Rubric	

5

Grade

Look carefully at the pictures of a day in the park then think of an idea for a story that could be told about what is going on in the pictures. Write a story to go with the images which includes all of the things you've learned about narrative writing.

Writing Tips:

- □ Make a title for your story.
- □ Introduce the reader to the situation and characters in the story with clear details.
- □ Use dialogue and description to develop the story and show the responses of the characters to the events.
- □ Use a variety of transition words, phrases and clauses to manage the sequence of the story, making sure it unfolds naturally.
- □ Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to help the reader truly experience what is going on in the story.
- □ Write an ending that flows from the story.

Step 1: Plan

□ Plan your characters, plot, and setting before you begin to write.

Step 2: Draft

- □ Write your draft.
- □ Read your draft to a partner and make notes about what you want to change.

Step 3: Reread and Revise

- □ Does it make sense?
- Does it have enough interest, detail?
- □ Are the time sequences and transitions clear?

Step 4: Edit

- □ Capitals at the beginning of sentences and for proper nouns
- □ Punctuation: (end points) . !?

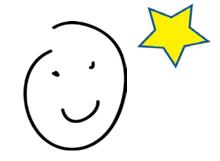
Commas, quotation marks ""

- □ Spelling
- □ Complete sentences
- □ Check for fragments and run-ons and check verb tense and noun-verb agreement.

Step 5: Final Draft

□ Recopy and fix your mistakes.

Good work!







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